BSe, OPT. Mosch. 2025

BLDE (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

B.Sc. in Optometry

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

SEMESTER PAPER – I (Óptometric Optics I&II) QP CODE: 8440

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked.
Write Question No. in left side of margin.

Long Questions

10X1 = 10 Marks

1. Explain about Progressive Addition lens

Short Essays: (Any - 8)

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 2. Briefly explain about the Refraction, Reflection, Absorption
- 3. Expalin about different types of aberrations of Ophthalmic lens
- 4. Simple transpose the following:
 - a) +3.50 Dsph/-2.50 Dcyl * 1800
 - b) -7.00 Dsph/+1.75 Dcyl *350
 - c) +3.50 Dcyl * 1750
- 5. Explain about fresnel prisms and its uses
- 6. Explain about Polaroids lens
- 7. Explain about the types of Tints and its uses
- 8. Explain about Prentice's rule
- 9. Explain about the Anti- Reflective coating
- 10. Explain about the sagittal depth and its derivation.

Short Answers: (Any – 10)

- 11. What is vertex distance?
- 12. Explain about refraction
- 13. What is convex lens
- 14. Explain about absorption
- 15. What are the properties of Concave lens?
- 16. What is toric lens?
- 17. Define prism diopter
- 18. What is lens surfacing?
- 19. What is aspheric lens?
- 20. What are the indications of PAL
- 21. What is boxing system?

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

IV SEMESTER

PAPER – II (Ocular Diseases II & Glaucoma) QP CODE: 8441

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked.
Write Question No. in left side of margin.

Long Questions

10X1 = 10 Marks

1. Describe anatomy and physiology of lens. Classify cataract and explain pathogenesis, examination and pre-operative evaluation of Cataract.

Short Essays: (Any – 8)

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 2. Pupillary reflexes and abnormalities.
- 3. Primary Angle closure glaucoma
- 4. Congenital glaucoma
- 5. Gonioscopic grading of angles
- 6. Toxic optic neuropathy
- 7. Branch retinal vein occlusion
- 8. Age related macular degeneration
- 9. Rhegmatogeous Retinal detachment
- 10. Intraocular foreign body localisation

Short Answers: (Any – 10)

- 11. Three causes of disc edema
- 12. Three types of Nystagmus
- 13. Three syndromes associated with Glaucoma
- 14. Three syndromic associations of ectopic lentis
- 15. Three signs of polar cataract
- 16. Name three modifications of trabeculectomy
- 17. Adies tonic pupil
- 18. Solar retinopathy
- 19. Retinal degenerations
- 20. Causes of Tractional Retinal detachment
- 21. Panretinal photocoagulation

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

IV SEMESTER

PAPER – III (Dispensing Optics)

QP CODE: 8442

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked. Write Question No. in left side of margin.

Long Questions

10X1 = 10 Marks

1. Write in detail about Various Lens material

Short Essays: (Any - 8)

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 2. Tinted lens
- 3. Frames for special purposes
- 4. Optician's ruler
- 5. Write a note on lens options available for presbyopia
- 6. Vertex Distance
- 7. Digital dispensing system
- 8. How will you insert lens into Supra frames
- 9. Angles for fitting of frames
- 10. Abbe's value

Short Answers: (Any - 10)

- 11. Lens Material for sunglasses
- 12. Contrast enhancing filters
- 13. Specific gravity of lens
- 14. Optical center marking
- 15. Identification features of Convex lens
- 16. Name different types of frames
- 17. Geneva lens measure
- 18. Advantages of high index lens
- 19. Ghost Images
- 20. Temple width
- 21. Aphakia correction

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

IV SEMESTER

PAPER – IV (Optometric Instrumentation) QP CODE: 8443

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked.
Write Question No. in left side of margin.

Long Questions

10X1 = 10 Marks

1. Brief on Slit lamp

Short Essays: (Any – 8)

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 2. Detail about Corneal topography
- 3. Procedure of manual lensometer
- 4. Write about the Indications, clinical uses, components of ERG
- 5. Trial case lenses
- 6. Brightness acuity tester
- 7. Explain phoropter, give its advantages and disadvantages
- 8. Brief on parts and optics of direct ophthalmoscope
- 9. Explain in detail ishihara chart
- 10. Pre requisites of retinoscopy

Short Answers: (Any – 10)

- 11. Name the types of illumination in slitlamp
- 12. Indication of pupil examination
- 13. Principle of Gonioscopy
- 14. Uses of keratometer
- 15. Indications of Direct and Indirect Ophthalmoscope
- 16. Pediatric visual acuity charts.
- 17. Write about stenopic slit
- 18. What is IPD? Brief procedure about distance and near IPD
- 19. Explain the Principle of the Potential acuity meter
- 20. Uses of synoptophore
- 21. Filters available in slit lamp

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80]

IV SEMESTER

PAPER - V (Basic & Ocular Pharmacology) QP CODE: 8444

Your answer should be specific to the questions asked. Write Question No. in left side of margin.

Long Questions

10X1 = 10 Marks

1. What is mydriatics and cycloplegics, their uses in diagnostic aids, moa of phenylephrine

Short Essays: (Any – 8)

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 2. Explain in detail about Pharmacodynamics
- 3. Describe in detail about the main routes of drug administration for ocular conditions?
- 4. Explain about peri-ocular and intra ocular injection and their uses
- 5. what are the treatment of dry eye and composition of artificial tears?
- 6. List the Factors modifying drug action
- 7. Classifications of nsaids and topical nsaids used and their indications
- 8. Write a note on ofloxacin
- 9. Classification of anti-glaucoma drugs and their uses
- 10. Classification and mechanism of action of anti-fungal drugs

Short Answers: (Any – 10)

- 11. What is pharmacokinetics?
- 12. Short note on Pilocarpine
- 13. What are the preservative in ocular preparation?
- 14. What are the major side effects of general anaesthetics?
- 15. Name any four topical antibiotic drugs
- 16. Stages of anaesthesia
- 17. How would you manage a patient with an allergic reaction to topical ophthalmic medications?
- 18. What are the ophthalmic indications for antiviral drug?
- 19. Define first pass metabolism
- 20. Uses of fluorescein sodium
- 21. What is the mechanism of action of local anaesthetics?